[THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1767.] THE [NUMB. 1265.]

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.—[Oct. 16, 1766. For Six Years laſt paſt, Publiſher of the *New-York Thurſday's Gazette*, or *Weekly Poſt-Boy*.]

ASSIZE of BREAD, publiſhed January 7, 1767.

Flour at 19/3 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the fineſt Flour, to weigh 1 lb. 10 oz. for 4 Coppers.——Ditto, of Dit. to weigh 12⅔ oz. for 2 Coppers.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN's RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

High-Water.	H.	M.	*riſes*	H.	M.	*ſets*	H.	
THURSDAY	12	14	after	5	45	before	7	D's firſt Q. next Sunday at 10 in the Afternoon.
FRIDAY	1	2		5	44		7	
SATURDAY	1	50		5	43		7	
SUNDAY	2	38		5	42		7	
MONDAY	3	26		5	40		7	
TUESDAY	4	14		5	39		7	
WEDNESDAY	5	26		5	37		7	

Days 12 h. 32 m. long, the 2nd.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	6s. 6d.	Beef per Barrel	48s. 0d.
Flour ——	18s. 0d.	Pork	70s. 0d.
Brown Bread	17s. 0d.	Salt	3s. 0d.
Weſt-India Rum	3s. 4d.	Bohea Tea	5s. 3d.
New-England ditto	2s. 7d.	Chocol. per doz.	£.1 1s. 0d.
Muſcovado Sugar	5os.	Bees Wax	1s. 6d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. 2d.	Nut Wood	35s. 0d.
Molaſſes	2s. 0d.	Oak ditto	24s. 0d

To the PUBLIC, New-York, Oct. 16, 1766

IT is now upwards of ſix Years that I have publiſh'd a weekly News Paper, under the Title of *the New-York Gazette* or *Weekly Poſt-Boy*, which I have the Pleaſure to think has been generally acceptable, and publicly uſeful: But having now Occaſion to alter the Title of my Paper, I hope for the ſame favourable Reception of the NEW-YORK JOURNAL or GENERAL ADVERTISER, that my Paper met with under the former Title; ſince it will be conducted with the ſame Spirit, and to the ſame Ends,—the Suppreſſion of Evil, and the Promotion of public and private Happineſs. The Reaſons of altering my Title are theſe, 1ſt, for the Sake of Diſtinction, as I am inform'd Mr. PARKER intends to publiſh a Paper under the former Title; and 2d, becauſe, as he formerly publiſh'd a Paper under that Title, I would not avail myſelf of any Advantages from a *Name* originally aſſumed by him. The Number, for the Sake of more eaſily ſettling with my Cuſtomers, will run regularly on from my laſt Week's Paper. JOHN HOLT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOMPSON and ALEXANDER, HAVE for Sale, empty BOTTLES by the Groce, Liverpool bottled BEER, by the Caſk; a Quantity of CORDAGE of different Sizes. (65, t.b.c.)

NOTICE is hereby given by the Subſcribers, to the Creditors of Daniel Robins, an inſolvent Debtor, of the Province of New-Jerſey, County of Monmouth, and Township of Upper-Freehold; to meet, to ſettle their Accounts, at the Houſe of Benjamin Morris, of the ſame Place, on the 29th Day of April, and alſo to meet at the ſame Place, on the 29th Day of June, to receive their Dividend of the inſolvent's Eſtate,

JOHN ANDREWS,
ABYAL COOK.

March 26, 1767. (65 6s)

New-York, March 20, 1767.

The SUBSCRIBER PURPOSES to open a Morning and Evening School, for the Inſtruction of Youth in Writing and Arithmetic—to commence the firſt of April next, and continue to the firſt of October following—Attendance will be given from ſix to eight in the Morning, and from five to ſeven in the Evening preciſely.——It is imagined that this Plan may ſuit ſome of both Sexes, who attend other Places of Education at different Periods, for other Purpoſes.——Whoever is pleaſed to Favour this Scheme, may depend on being ſerved with Fidelity; as there will be no Deeds, Bills, Bonds, &c. or any Kind of Writing done, but ſuch as will have a direct Tendency to promote the general Good of the School, which has conſtantly been the principal View of the Inſtructor, and on which Account he has rejected every Thing that he thought would be incompatible with the Duty of a Teacher.

Hugh Hughes.

At a COUNCIL held at Fort-George, in the City of New-York, on Wedneſday the 11th Day of March, 1767.

PRESENT,
HIS EXCELLENCY
Sir Henry Moore,
Baronet, Captain General, &c.

Mr. *Horſmanden*,	Mr. *Delancey*,
Mr. *Smith*,	Mr. *Apthorpe*,
Mr. *Watts*,	Mr. *Reade*,
Mr. *Walton*,	

THE Council having duly conſidered all the Proofs and Allegations offered on the Part of the Complainants, *Daniel Nimham*, and the other Indians of the Wappinger Tribe, in Support of their Claim to certain Lands, granted by Letters Patent, to Adolph Philipſe, dated the Seventeenth of June, 1697; as likewiſe, the Proofs offered by Roger Morris, Beverley Robinſon, and Philip Philipſe, in Support of their Title, under the ſaid Adolph Philipſe; and after admitting every Kind of Proof, that could be offered by the Complainants.

UPON the whole Matter, His Excellency the Governor, and the Council, are unanimouſly of Opinion, and do declare, That the Indians now living, of the Wappinger Tribe, have no Right, Title, or Claim to the Lands granted as aforeſaid, by Letters Patent to the ſaid Adolph Philipſe; that the original Indian Title thereto, hath been long ſince extinguiſhed, by Purchaſes honeſtly and fairly made: That the Title to the ſaid Lands, both in Law and Equity, is veſted in the preſent Proprietors under the ſaid Letters Patent, notwithſtanding any Indian Claim whatever: And that the Complaint of the ſaid Indians, to which they have been wholly excited by white Perſons, with a View to Countenance and Support their own illegal Pretenſions to the Lands, is vexatious and unjuſt, and as ſuch ought to be, and is hereby accordingly diſmiſſed.

A true Copy, examined, by
Gw. BANYAR, D. S. Cl. Con.

To the Printer of the NEW-YORK JOURNAL.

Some of your Friends, deſire you will inſert the following Copy of a Letter to a Gentleman in New-York *from* Philadelphia.——

SIR,

AS I was once an Inhabitant of New-York, I ſtill retain a particular Eſteem for it, and cannot be indifferent to any Thing that concerns the Welfare of its Inhabitants, either as a collective Body, or as Individuals. From this Regard to the Place of my former Reſidence, I have for ſome Years been a conſtant Reader of the News Papers printed there,—which have not only ſatisfied my Curioſity, but often afforded me both Entertainment and Inſtruction, from the many agreeable and uſeful Pieces they have contain'd upon various Subjects. But among the worthy and ingenious Correſpondents who contribute to the Entertainment and Good of the Public, by the uſeful Pieces with which they ſupply thoſe Papers, I am ſurpriſed none have undertaken to recommend and plead the Cauſe of thoſe honeſt uſeful Men, who from a diſintereſted public Spirit, ſeldom to be found, without any lucrative Views, that I can conceive, (unleſs, at moſt being reimburſed the Money they laid out, and freeing themſelves, in Common with the reſt of their Countrymen, from an Impoſition) at their own Expence, executed a very conſiderable Work, which muſt have been of very great Uſe and Benefit not only to the City and Province in general, but to all Travellers to or from New-York, to the Eaſtward.—I mean the Erection and Support of the free Bridge over the River that forms the Iſland of New-York. As the Paſſage over that Bridge had for many Years been a conſtant Tax upon all Paſſengers, beſides the hindrance of Time to pay it—it muſt have amounted to a very conſiderable yearly Sum,—and as I am told the original Grant of that Toll was intended by the Aſſembly, to defray the Expence of building and ſupporting the Bridge, and to be continued no longer than till that Expence was fully paid, which muſt have been many Years ago, the Continuance of the Toll beyond that Time was undoubtedly an Impoſition on the Public, of all the Money paid for the Paſſage over that Bridge. The Men therefore, who put a Stop to, and effectually removed that Impoſition, not only deſerve the Thanks of their Country, but to be reimburſed their whole Expence, and fully paid for their Time and Trouble.—This is no more that what Honour and common Juſtice require from the Country,—it is no more than what the Aſſembly thought juſtly due to the original Builder, and actually granted him the Toll to pay him for; but when that Toll was continued beyond the original Deſign of it, and was become a Grievance, which the Public might long have ſubmitted to, becauſe of the Difficulty of obtaining a Removal, or finding Perſons diſintereſted and public ſpirited enough to undertake, and purſue the Taſk at their own Expence, upon an Uncertainty when, if ever, they ſhould be paid for their Time and Trouble, or repaid the Money they had advanced,—If ſuch uncommonly diſintereſted Perſons, I ſay, were abſolutely neceſſary to the Removal of the Grievance, which could not without them be effected—for if no Body had ſtir'd in it, it muſt have remain'd.—When ſuch Perſons have actually appear'd, and under all the Difficulties and diſcouraging Circumſtances that attended the Buſineſs, have with an unwearied Perſeverance purſued it to full Effect, and entirely removed the Grievance, it would be in my Opinion, not only ungenerous and unjuſt, but even cruel and ſcandalous to ſuffer them finally to remain without full Satisfaction for their Expence and Trouble.

I was led to theſe Reflections, upon reading a ſhort State of the Caſe in a late New-York Journal,—and it ſurpriſed me, that a Thing ſo reaſonable in itſelf, and of ſuch Conſequence to the Fa-

milies of two or three Men, who have certainly deſerved well of their Country, ſhould remain yet to be done in their Favour; or that it ſhould be neceſſary for them to procure ſo powerful a Recommendation, in Order to the Succeſs of a Petition—— ſo reaſonable, and conſiſtent with the Honour and Juſtice of the Aſſembly to grant, that I ſhould think no Man in the Province could object to it.

For my part I have no Intereſt in the Matter, nor any Acquaintance with the Petitioners, having never that I know of, ſeen but one of them, and been but a very ſhort Time in the Company of that one.—But as I am a lover of Juſtice, and always pleaſed to ſee commendable Actions duly rewarded, I heartily wiſh their Petition may have all the Favour and Succeſs they can reaſonably deſire;—and if you think this Letter may any way promote that End—by awakening Attention to the Subject,—you are at liberty to publiſh it in ſome of your New-York Papers.—But indeed I believe and hope it may not be neceſſary,—for the long Liſt of very reſpectable Perſons that I ſee have recommended the Petition, convinces me that it is generally thought highly reaſonable in your Province, and therefore will no doubt be granted without Difficulty.——I remember to have heard many Inſtances of the Generoſity of the Parliament of our Mother Country, in making full Compenſation to the Authors of Works beneficial to the Public, tho' they had no formal Claim upon the Parliament for any ſuch Aſſiſtance; for ſuch reſpectable Bodies are a Law of Juſtice, Honour, and Generoſity to themſelves, and above requiring thoſe who have any Thing to aſk of them, to procure formal Contracts to vouch for their Pretenſions.'—'Tis enough if the Thing requeſted is in itſelf juſt and reaſonable, and fit for them to grant.———I ſhall mention two Inſtances that juſt occur to me.

The Machine for winding and twiſting Silk, I believe, the moſt curious, and complicated that ever was invented, was introduced to England with great Trouble and Expence by Sir Thomas Lombe, who obtain'd a Patent whereby he had an excluſive Right to the Uſe and Benefit of that Kind of Machine for 14 Years.—But the King of Sardinia, from whoſe Dominions the Model of the Machine had been ſtolen, found Means to obſtruct the Uſe of it in England, till the 14 Years were nearly expired, whereby Sir Thomas was diſappointed of his Profits; tho' he had benefited the Nation by a Reduction of the Price of Silk in England, from 24s. to 16s. On his Repreſentation of this, and Petition to the Parliament for a renewal of his Patent, they thought proper to refuſe the lengthening his Patent, but voted him as a compenſation, an ample Reward, I think, £. 14,000.

The other Inſtance was that of Mr. Middleton, the undertaker of that great and uſeful Work, *The conducting a new River to London, for the Supply of the Inhabitants with freſh Water in their Houſes.*—This he undertook, at a Price that exhauſted his Fortune, and would have ruined him.—But the Author of a Work ſo extenſively uſeful, was not left to be himſelf the Sufferer by having done his Country a ſignal Service—the Generoſity of that Country interpoſed, and not only relieved but rewarded him.—Many other Inſtances of the Kind, might be produced, but theſe may ſuffice,—and I doubt not your Legiſlature will follow the Example of that of your Mother Country, and not fall ſhort of them in Juſtice, Honour and Generoſity.

A. B.

On Tueſday laſt arrived the Snow Harriot Packet, Capt. Oake, in 10 Weeks and 3 Days from Falmouth, by whom we have the following Advices.

VIENNA, December 17.

WE are aſſured that the King of Sardinia, as Vicar-General of the Empire in Italy, will, in caſe of oppoſition, be charged to carry into execution the Emperor's ordinance concerning the Republick of St. Remo; and it's whiſpered that the Courts of France and Spain ſeem inclined to declare, in this affair, for the Genoeſe.

Genoa, Nov. 29. Our Regency is going to aſſemble three thouſand Men, all regular and diſciplined Troops, to garriſon our Towns in Corſica when the French ſhall quit them at the Expiration of the four Years, ſaid to be limited by the Court of Verſallies, for putting an End to the troubles with the Corſican Rebels, (*alias Heroes*) or at leaſt for our taking Breath, that we might then be able to defend ourſelves.

Geneva, Dec. 16. 'Tis our countryman M. Lenieps, who has been arreſted and ſent to the Baſtille by order of the King of France, after the ſeizing of all his papers, amongſt which, it is ſaid, was found a plan of Democratical government, and letters from ſeveral members of the General-Council, who had adopted it.

Rome, Dec. 3. The Prelate Rezzonico, the Pope's nephew, has preſented the Prince of Brunſwick with a complete collection of Piraneſi's engravings, repreſenting the monuments of ancient Rome, and the principal modern buildings of this city. Laſt Sunday his Serene Highneſs dined with the French Ambaſſador; and yeſterday he was preſent at a grand concert, and a collation, given by Cardinal Orſini.

Paris, Dec. 5. One Mr. Niepſt, a citizen of Geneva, is taken up here and ſent to priſon, on account of ſome indecent expreſſions which he made uſe of relative to the menaces of our Court towards the ſubjects of Geneva, ſettled in this city.

Hamburgh, Dec. 5. Various are the opinions of people with reſpect to the affairs of Poland. Some pretend to have it from good authority, that Ruſſia and Pruſſia will maintain their declarations in favour of the Proteſtants by force of arms; but others are of a contrary opinion, becauſe the Dyet of Poland cannot, according to law, be aſſembled longer than ſix weeks, and the declarations abovementioned were not delivered till after it had been ſitting near a month.

LONDON,

Jan. 6 Yeſterday the Right Hon. Lord Le Deſpenſer and Lord Hillſborough, the new Poſt-Maſters-General, came to the Poſt-office for the firſt time, when a general board was held.

The Manilla ranſom, it's ſaid, will be paid in March next, only deducting 70,000l. for the plunder made by our ſailors and ſoldiers.

We are told the Petty-Officers on board Admiral Corniſh's ſquadron at the taking of Manilla, in caſe of the ranſom's being paid agreeable to the capitulation, will ſhare near two hundred pounds ſterling per man.

Jan. 3. We hear that a certain great perſonage is again pregnant.

We hear orders are given for all officers on furlow, belonging to regiments in garriſon at Gibraltar and Minorca, to join their reſpective corps forthwith.

On Thurſday laſt put into Cowes from Amſterdam, the Prince of Wales tranſport, with 97 Palatine paſſengers for So. Carolina.

It is confidently ſaid, that the miniſtry have now under conſideration a general plan for improving and increaſing the value of our poſſeſſions and acquiſitions in North-America. To this end Eaſt and Weſt Florida will be immediately cleared, cultivated and peopled. The iſlands of St. John and Anticoſti, in the gulph of St. Lawrence, are alſo to be formed into regular governments, divided into pariſhes, and parcelled into lots, which are to be given to ſuch families of officers as ſignalized themſelves in the laſt war, and ſuch foreign proteſtants as are capable of improving them. The extenſive country of Labrador, upon the continent of the ſame gulph, will be fertilized and inhabited; ſeveral coloniſts having already engaged for this, as well as the other new ſettlements.

Lord Chatham lately ſent to the Court of Madrid, a ſpecial meſſenger, to demand a categorical anſwer, whether they would pay the Minilla Ranſom, as demanded, or not; and that the meſſenger was only to ſtay a few hours for an anſwer; in conſequence of which, a council was immediately called at Madrid; at which it was reſolved, that they would comply with the demand immediately, in the manner required.

And as a farther inſtance of his Lordſhip's ſpirited meaſures, we can alſo acquaint the public, that a meſſenger has been diſpatched to the Court of Portugal, demanding immediate redreſs for all our grievances, and that they fulfil all the treaties between the two powers in every inſtance; together with a demand of liberty of trading to the Brazils, in the ſame manner it was granted to Oliver Cromwell; all which, if not immediately complied with, would be enforced by Great Britain in the moſt effectual manner. And as a previous ſtep, to ſhew his Lordſhip is in earneſt, the late order for a quantity of cannon and ſtores to be ſent to Portugal, is ſtopped.

Several Gentlemen lately arrived from Germany, ſay, that a great Potentate has ſo loaded his ſubjects with taxes, in order to fill his coffers for an approaching event, that they are in the moſt deplorable ſituation of any people in Europe; that the tax on beer is ſo great, that the ſoldiers are in a continual murmur about it; inſomuch, that it is thought, if he ſhould enter into another war, they would half deſert.

Three Companies of artillery were on Wedneſday laſt ordered to hold themſelves in Readineſs to embark, on the ſhorteſt notice, for North-America.

The reaſon aſſigned for the averſion which the Prime Miniſter of Portugal entertains for the Engliſh, is ſaid to be this: In the time of the late rebellion he reſided in London as Envoy, and the public being then much inflamed againſt Papiſts, a Jeſuit was one day hunted in the ſtreet by the mob, who happened to be informed of his character, and he, to ſave himſelf from the impending ſtorm, took refuge in the Envoy's houſe. The mob demanded him out; the Envoy ſenſibly refuſed to give him up: on which the inconſiderate rabble broke his Excellency's windows. The peace officers however being ſent for, took ſome of the delinquets into cuſtody; but as none of them were put to death for the offence, he thought himſelf highly inſulted, and therefore takes every opportunity of oppreſſing the Engliſh, through an unremitting eagerneſs for revenge.

Jan. 8. The Corſican Gazette, of Aug. 29, gives an account of a curious invention, by the Abbes Giuliani and Lucia, of Icolaroſſa in Corſica, which they call *Il Corriere Volante*, or The Flying Courier; by means of which, advices of any tranſaction, may be commuicated in a very few minutes at the diſtance of many miles. It is a portable machine, and ſerves the purpoſe of conveying any notice or intelligence as diſtinctly as if a voice was heard, or it was written on a leaf. To perform this operation three things are required; 1. That the place from whence the notice is to be ſent, which may be called A, command a view of the place to which the notice is directed, which may be called B. 2. That at the place A, there be a machine with a perſon informed of any notice intended to be communicated to the place B. 3. That at the place B there be another perſon with a ſimilar machine, in order to return an anſwer to the place A, as ſhall be neceſſary. This machine, it is ſaid, has been found to anſwer at the diſtance of 25 miles; and, with ſome improvements now making to it, will convey advices 50 miles; and which cannot be heard or underſtood but by perſons who aſſiſt at the machines.

Jan. 10. Letters from Marſeilles inform, that a great deſertion prevails among the French troops in Corſica, numbers of whom had intermarried with the natives, and ſettled in the interior parts of the iſland, ſubject to the malcontents.

The ſame ingenious Artiſt who laſt year made a grand diadem that was ſent to Bengal, has ſince finiſhed a rich ſcymetar or ſabre, deſigned, it is ſaid to be preſented by the Governor and Council of Madraſs, in the name of the Eaſt-India Company, to the Nabob of Arcot. The hilt, moſt curiouſly worked, weighs near a pound of ſolid gold, The workmanſhip of the Goldſmith, though rich and elegant, is overpowered by that of the Jeweller, from the number of large diamonds, rubies, and emeralds that overſpread it, in various fine and curious devices; on one ſide repreſenting trophies of war in the European, and on the other ſide in the Aſiatick taſte, compoſed of large ſtones properly adapted; between the trophies twines a wreath of palm and laurel interwoven, as emblems of victory and peace, intermixing agreeably with leaves, branches, flowers, and other ornaments, copied from nature; the colours of the different jewels forming an agreeable variety, and moſt ſtriking appearance. At the top is a helmet, made of a large emerald; the ornament of it of the fineſt diamonds, and the feather at the top, of rubies fixed to the emerald, making an agreeable termination; under it a half-moon, or creſcent, of yelloviſh diamonds. The blade, which is of the fineſt ſteel, is deeply encruſted with gold from top to bottom, with flowers and branches in the Moſaic taſte. The ſcabbard, which is of crimſon velvet, is richly ornamented with jewels, to correſpond with the reſt; to which are fixed rings of gold, to receive other ornaments, by which it hangs to a rich belt.

Whitehall, Jan. 3. The King has been pleaſed to appoint Daniel Webb, Eſq; Lieut. General of his Majeſty's forces, to be Colonel of the eighth (or King's) regiment of foot, in the room of Lieutenant-General John Stanwix, deceaſed.

Dublin, Dec. 24. Thurſday laſt the Dubſin Society unanimouſly reſolved to give a premium of 40l. to Mr. Hamilton, of Britain-ſtreet, for his invention of a machine or engine, to be fixed upon the land or ſhore, by which any two perſons may with eaſe ſend out 500 hooks (baited) the diſtance of half a mile or upwards, and keep conſtantly fiſhing with them in all weathers without the uſe of boats. A model of which machine was laid before the Society, and met with their approbation.

SHIP NEWS.

ARRIVED. At Graveſend, Ann, Barwell, from Boſton. The Planter's Friend, Robinſon, from Maryland, is arrived at Dover.—Providence, Finch, from Quebec, in the Downs.

Deal, Dec. 22. Coxen, Hazard, from Maryland.

Graveſend, Dec. 22. Patuxant, Lewis, Lavarich, Colal, from Maryland.—Finch, from Quebec.—Tryton, Freeman, from Boſton.—Caſco-Bay, Moore, from Caſco-Bay.

Dec. 23. London, Davis, from Quebec.

St. John, Smith, from Boſton, at Dover.

Portſmouth, Dec. 26. Conway, from Boſton, for London.

Dover, Dec. 29. Whaſebone, Jenkins, from Nantucket, for London.

At Plymouth, Nancy, Young, from Maryland.—General Wolf, Oſmond, from Boſton.

At Air, Neptune, Allan, from Caſco-Bay.

At Corke, America, Oſborn, from Rhode-Iſland:

CHARLES-TOWN, (S. Carolina, March 2.

Capt. Stephen Blundel, of the ſhip Ranger, who arrived here from Oporto, has given us the following account of his extraordinary and inhuman treatment there; which may ſerve (among many other inſtances) to ſhew how thoſe allies of Britain reward her for her protection and friendſhip, to which they owe ſo much.—Here follows the narrative in his own words; remarks are left to the reader.—"I Stephen Blundell, one of his Britannic Majeſty's ſubjects, maſter and part owner of the ſhip Ranger, of Poole, arrived at Oporto the 4th of November 1766, from Newfoundland, with a cargo of fiſh, which I was to ſell at the maſt, remit the proceeds home, and then proceed for South-Carolina, where I was chartered to load. November 18th, I hawled my ſhip to the key, and took the booms on board, in order to begin landing my cargo on Monday the 20th. But at midnight on the 19th, the watch upon deck alarmed me with the cry, for "all hands below to "jump up, there being thieves on board, robbing "the veſſel." Among the reſt, I went up, without dreſſing myſelf, and found my people taking a thief in over the bow, who had already cut away my fore clew garnet, and reef takle fall, and with them jumpt into a boat he had under the bow, with an accomplice, into which the watch had followed and

taken him out with the clew-garnet. The accomplice immediately pushed off in the boat with the tackle-fall. I then ordered the thief to be taken care of till day-light, in order to know who he was, deliver him up, and obtain justice, and would have put him down the steerage, but he drew his knife, and became so unruly, that I was obliged to order him to be tied to the mizen-mast, whence he soon cut himself loose, when I ordered his arms to be tied; but no person offered to strike or otherways ill use him. He proved to be a Portuguese soldier, belonging to the garrison. His accomplice had called other soldiers his comrades, and about 2 in the morning (very dark) a number of them came down to the ship, upon whose first appearance I caused the planks on the stage to be hawl'd in, to prevent their getting on board, and murdering us all. They asked for the thief; I answered, that I intended to deliver him up in the morning: Finding they could not get on board, they replied "it was very "well," and went off. Had I seen an officer, or an order to deliver the fellow up, or known of any guards upon the wall, I would gladly have got rid of him. The 20th, a little before sun-rise, twelve Portuguese soldiers came along side in a boat, with their muskets, and bayonets fixed; I received them on board, neither suffering, or expecting to meet with any ill-treatment, shewed them the thief, and told them what he had done; they took him away without any order, or even an officer above a serjeant; after which, to my great astonishment they seized me, my boatswain, and a man belonging to another English vessel, who happened to be on my deck, dragg'd us along like dogs, and tumbled us, head foremost into their boat. I made some resistance, by holding fast to the ensign-staff, but a soldier attempting to run me through the back with his bayonet, which was happily beat off) I was obliged to submit. As soon as they had tumbled us into the boat, we were most unmercifully beat and bruised with the but-ends of their muskets, myself in particular so much that I never recovered the beating while I remained at Oporto after, then tied our hands together, and thus led and guarded as the worst malefactors to prison, where my unfortunate companions were again severely beaten, till I paid two new crowns to the villains there to desist. From hence we were soon after carried, our hands again tied, to the common gaol. In this confinement we remained till the 15th, when my merchant, Mr. Thomas Stafford, by paying the head prison-keeper five moidores, representing to the governor my ill state of health thro' the beating, and petitioning for my being released, obtained leave to remove me to his house for my recovery. The 24th the gaol-keeper (I suppose expected more money) sent to demand me back from my private to the public prison, whither I was forced again to go, ill as I was: The same day, however, upon the Consul and Mr. Stafford's again petitioning the governor, leave was obtained for my return to my private prison; where I remained, without daring to stir out, or see after my ship or business, till the 5th of December; when upon a new petition to the governor, setting forth, that my ship was unloaded, and ready to proceed upon a charter-party to South-Carolina, I was at last released from my private prison, and my boatswain and the other men from the common gaol, upon the moderate terms of paying every charge they thought proper to bring against me and them, and without any other satisfaction for the insults, injuries, and ill-usage we had received."

March 9. Wednesday the 18th instant, being the anniversary of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, we hear, is intended to be observed here, by suitable demonstrations of satisfaction and gratitude.

ANNAPOLIS, (in Maryland) March 19.

We hear the Gaol at Hampton, in Virginia, was lately burnt down, and supposed to be set on Fire by a Negro therein, under Sentence of Death, with a design to Escape, but the Devil deceived him, his Chains being made so secure, that he was burnt with the Prison.

WILLIAMSBURG, (in Virginia) March 5.

On the 15th of last Month, a Fire broke out in the Dwelling House of Mr. John Chaille, in Snow Hill Town in Maryland, which intirely consumed that and three others, with great Part of the Furniture; but what renders it peculiarly shocking, a Child of about 4 Years old was burnt to Death, and his Wife and another Woman are so much burnt, that their Lives are despaired of. This fatal Accident was occasioned by some hot Ashes being put into a Shed adjoining the House.

March 12. On Tuesday the 3d inst. was married Mr. Robert Fergus, of Amelia county, aged 83, to Anne Jones, a girl of between 14 and 15, being his third wife.

NEWPORT, (in Rhode-Island) March 23.

The Brig Dolphin, Capt. Thomas Rodman, of this Place, on her Passage from the Bay of Honduras to Jamaica, foundered; the Vessel and Cargo entirely lost, and only the Mate and second Mate saved their Lives.

BOSTON, March 23.

Saturday Evening died here in the 30th Year of his Age, Mr. SAMUEL DRAPER, Printer:——His exemplary Behaviour in Life, makes his Death a Loss to the surviving Relatives and Acquaintance. He was Co-partner in Business with Mr. RICHARD DRAPER, Publisher of the Massachusetts Gazette.

NEW-YORK, April 2.

From private Advices by the last Vessels, we are inform'd, that there was the greatest Reason to hope the Restrictions upon the Governors of the several English American Colonies, against passing Money Bills of Paper Currency would be wholly taken off, without any Conditions inconsistent with English Liberty, soon after the setting of Parliament, which was to meet the 16th of January.

It has been unanimously determin'd in the Council, and House of Representatives, at Boston, that the Lieutenant Governor for the Time being, has no Right to a Seat at the Council Board, either with or without a Vote.

Thursday the 9th of April is appointed a Day of public Fasting and Prayer throughout the Province of Massachusetts Bay.

The anniversary of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, March the 18th, has been celebrated in a grand manner throughout most if not all of the British colonies, with the warmest expressions of loyalty to his Majesty, affection to our brethren in our common mother country, and gratitude to all those worthy Patriots by whom the repeal was affected, and the ruin of the English constitution prevented; We have already had accounts of their splendid commemoration of that auspicious day in the colonies of New-Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New-York, and S. Carolina.

The legislature of Rhode-Island have passed an act calling in and sinking all the money bills of that colony emitted in March, April and May, 1762, and empowering George Hazard, Esq; with the general treasurer, in lieu of the bills so brought in, to issue their own notes properly printed and decorated, to the owners of the bills brought in, payable in seven years from the date of the respective bills——And that the notes given in lieu of the said bills, shall bear interest till the time limitted for their return, at the rate of six per cent per annum. That a tax shall be levied for the discharge of the said bills, and that it shall be death to counterfeit them. The form is that of a common promisary note with interest. None more than £. 100, nor less than 6s.

On Monday the 16th ult. one William Dickenson, of Hartford in Connecticut, a lad of 17 having been abroad, came to the ferry there, on his return home; the ferryman had been in a batteau endeavouring to shoot some wild fowl, but seeing the lad waiting, without uncocking his gun, laid it down in the batteau with the muzzel leaning over the bow, and hasted to the lad, who was sitting in a boat at the landing, in order to carry him over, but the batteau striking against the boat, the stroke uncock'd and discharg'd the gun, which happening to be pointed toward the lad, shot him through the head and he expired in an instant.

Last night we had a high southerly wind with rain and a high tide by which part of some of the Docks was carried away, an oyster boat was driven on shore at Poulass's-hook, and a great deal of damage done to the small craft along shore, to goods in cellars, &c.

In the Philadelphia Journal of last Thursday are inserted, The Depositions of William Harry, a Boy 14 Years of Age, born in Wales, late a Sailor on board the Sloop William, Capt. Wescoat, of Bristol; and of Daniel Ridder, Commander of the Sloop Elizabeth of Amsterdam, both taken before the Honourable Jan De Windt, Governor of St. Eustatius, &c. in February last.

William Harry's Deposition sets forth, that in June, 1766, he sailed from Bristol, with Capt. Wescoat, in the above Sloop for Cape Mount in Africa, where they continued about 12 Months, and purchased Slaves for the Cargoes of the Sloop and a Brig belonging to the same Owners; that then they proceeded to Sierraleone, with the Sloop where she was clean'd and water'd, and from thence sail'd for St. Christopher's.—— That about 15 or 16 Days after leaving the Coast of Africa, one of the Seamen, named Stephen Porter, had offended the Capt. who beat him severely with a small Rattan, and knock'd him down with a Billet of Wood: That the following Night between 11 and 12, being the Captain's Watch, the Deponent hearing a great Noise upon Deck, went up, found the Captain murdered, and Porter and Richard Hencock (both foremast Men) then throwing him overboard: That the Deponent heard them say that they had killed the Captain with an Ax as he lay asleep on the Round House: That soon after they had thrown the Captain's Body overboard, Stephen Porter took the Ax, went down in the Cabbin with Hencock and there murder'd the Mate who was asleep; after which with the Assistance of George Whaypon, another Seaman, they brought the Body upon Deck, and threw it overboard, 5 Days after which they saw the Isles of May and St. Jago, the last of which they stood for, but mistaking an Inlet for, the Harbour, run the Vessel on the Rocks, where she went to pieces in a few Hour's; 3 Slaves were drown'd, the rest and all the Seamen got on Shore. That Porter, Hencock and Whaypon sold the Slaves (as the Deponent was inform'd) for 50 Dollars each, to the Portuguese Factory: That about 3 Weeks from their Landing, Porter and Whaypon departed in a Dutch Sloop, but that Henock was still at St. Jago when the Deponent left the Island. That Stephen Porter was born in Bristol in England, is a stout lusty Man, of a swarthy Complection, about 34 Years of Age, and wears his own Hair; that Richard Hencock was born in the West of England, is a stout lusty Man, of a Yellow Complexion, about 35 Years of Age, and wore a light colour'd Wig; and that George Whaypon, was born in Virginia, is a very tall Man, about 24 Years of Age, and wears his own Hair.

The Deposition of Capt. Daniel Ridder Bernhoff, sets forth, that arriving at St. Jago, the 23d of August, 1766, he waited on the Governor, who after the usual Enquires, requested him to take a Passenger, one Capt. Stephen Porter, who coming from Africa had the Misfortune to lose his Vessel near that Island. That he answer'd he was willing to take Captain Porter Passenger, that the next Day at the Governor's he saw and agreed with Porter for his Passage, and that the same Afternoon a Man who called himself George Wherry, and said he was Mate of the same Guinea Sloop, applied to him for a Passage to the Leeward-Islands—that they agreed, and that both Porter and Wherry came on board that Evening; that they sail'd the next Day, the 25th of August, and about the 1st of October arrived at St. Eustatius, when he landed the said Porter and Wherry without the least Knowledge or Suspicion of their having committed the Crimes laid to their Charge.

The 24th Ult. in Lat. 36, Captain Berrian, spoke with a Schooner from this Port, of and for Bermuda, all well on board.

Thursday also Captain Nicholas Bogart, arrived in a Brig from St. Thomas's.

Amongst the many Improvements and Accommodations daily projected, we have the Pleasure to inform the Public, that a Post Stage Coach is established to set out three Times a Week, between Falmouth and Exeter, carrying Passengers in a Day and a half, from whence to London, the Exeter Stage delivers them in two Days, the Price of the whole £. 3, and the Journey performed in four Days; a very great Advantage this to Packet Passengers:—Heretofore the Expences of a Gentleman's going from Falmouth to London, was at least Twenty-two Guineas, and surely every one embarking for England, would prefer the Falmouth Route, escaping by that Course, the most dangerous Navigation upon the Ocean, the British Channel: This Information is given for the mutual Benefit of Passengers and Commanders of Packets.

☞ After 2 Week's Consideration we are obliged to acquaint our Correspondent *in the Shades*—That an Intercourse with him is attended with such particular Embarrassments, that we are obliged to decline it; tho' we agree with him in Sentiment as to the Subject of his Letter—except, that the Matter is rather too low for Animadversion, and must cease of itself before it can produce any great Inconveniency.

Freeman's Reply to *Artis Amor* we are again obliged to defer for want of Room.——Also Remarks on the proposed Loan Office.

NEW-YORK, Inward Entries.

Richards, from Virginia. Havens, Philadelphia. Wilson, Boston. Berrien, Pensacola. Lee, Surinam. Livingston, Liverpoole. Breckenridge, Maderia.

OUTWARD. De St. Croix; and, Johnson, to Rhode-Island. Hall, Allicant. Castle, Jamaica. Tillinghast, Rhode-Island. Smith, Boston. Ellis, Philadelphia. Cook, Halifax. Drummond, Hispaniola. Creighton, Quebeck.

CLEARED. Warner; Jacobs; Johnston; and, De St. Croix, to Rhode-Island. Confault, Norfolk in Virginia. Clark, Bristol, Germain, Alicant. Allen, Coracoa. Drummond, Hispaniola.

THE Mail to go by the Harriot Packet, Capt. Oake, is to be closed at the Post-Office, on Tuesday next.

For the Benefit of
Mr. LEONARD,
Will be held a CONCERT of MUSICK, at the
New ASSEMBLY ROOM,
On Tuesday the 14th Instant. Tickets to be had of him at his Lodgings, and of H. Gaine.

TO BE SOLD, at PUBLIC OUTCRY, on Friday the 24th Day of April Inst. at the Merchant's Coffee-House in this City.

THE Snuff-Mill, out-Houses, and Utensils thereunto belonging, situate near the Wind-Mill, in the Out-Ward of this City, (it is upon leased Ground, of Eighty Years to come,)—Also a Frame for a Store-House, and three Mill-Horses; the Works are now going, and can be seen at any Time before the Day of Sale.—Also a Parcel of choice Scotch Snuff in Bladders, Rappee and other Snuff in Bottles, to be sold by FREDERICK SIGESMONTS LENTZ, as his House in Little Queen-Street, and at the aforesaid Snuff-Mill. 65

March 16, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable Plantation, containing 300 Acres, situated in the County of Middlesex, and Province of New-Jersey, on the Post Road, about 10 Miles from New-Brunswick, and 5 from Princetown; 180 Acres whereof are cleared, 30 Acres of good Meadow, and more may be made, the rest good Wood-Land, the whole well watered; a fine large Brook running thro' it from one End to the other, the whole in good Fence; There is upon it a good Dwelling House, with four Rooms on a Floor, and a Fire-place in each Room, a good Cellar and Cellar Kitchen; a good Barn, Cyder Mill, Waggon-House, and Smoke-House, a Well of good Water, pailed Garden, three bearing Orchards, sufficient to make 100 Barrels of Cyder, if a fruitful Year: Also a Peach Orchard, and Nursery of Apple and Pear Trees.——The said Place is very pleasantly situated, and would be suitable for either a Merchant or Tavern; as a Tavern has been formerly kept at said House for many Years.

Any Person inclining to Purchase said Plantation, may apply to the Subscriber living on the Premises, who will agree on reasonable Terms, and give an indisputable Title for the same. BENJAMIN EMENS.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely Negro Wench, who can do all Sorts of House-Work.—Has had the small Pox, is healthy, and about 17 or 18 Years of Age.

She is sold for no Fault: Inquire of the Printer at the Exchange. (65)

Just imported in the Charming Nelly, from Scotland, and

TO BE SOLD, BY
Capt. WILLIAM BRECKENRIDGE,
At Mr. Robert Gilbert Livingston's Store, near the Coffee-House: On the most reasonable Terms for Cash, he intending to leave this Port soon.

AN Assortment of Shoes and Boots; Leather Breeches, Irish Linens, Irvin Linens, brown Hollands, Coverlids, half Thicks, Men's and Women's Shammy Gloves, Bonnets, Harn, blue Caps, Searlet Night Caps; Men's and Women's Thread and Worsted Hose, Worsted and Shammy Mitts, Silk Handkerchiefs, and Neckcloths; Scotch Oznaburgs, Carpets; 4d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. 20d. Nails: And Sundry other Articles. (65 68)

To-Morrow, if a good Day,
Will be sold at public Vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-House;

SIX Pipes of genuine old Madeira WINES.
Six Hogsheads of West-India RUM.
Four Tierces and Ten Barrels of Muscovado SUGARS.

For the BENEFIT of the PRISONERS.

THIS Evening the second of April in a commodious room, which is now fitted up in a theatrical manner, for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen, at the sign of the Orange tree, on Golden-Hill,—will be presented the noted

BAYLY's

Performances, by Dexterity of Hand: When besides his usual performances, he will exhibit several others, never attempted before.

Secondly, by Mr.

HYMES,

will be exhibited several curious balances (besides the usual) not yet shewn by him.

Mr. Punch likewise begs leave to inform the public, that by his merry family, and company of artificial commedians, near three feet high, will be performed, several diverting drolls, burlettas, &c. &c.

With the curious performances of his artificial posture-master; and a grand court of twenty-eight figures, or old maids and Bachelors assembly.

To conclude with a view of the sea, with ships sailing, fish, &c. &c. swimming.

Care has been taken to divide the seats properly, according to their different prices. Boxes 3s. 9d.—Front seats 3s.—Second seats 2s.—Back seats 1s.

Ladies and gentlemen may be assured the strictest decency and modesty will be observed in the performances.

Tickets to be had at the place of performance.——The doors to be opened at 6, and to begin at 7 o'clock in the evening.

They continue their performances every Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, for a few weeks longer.

☞ Any set company, may have a private performance at two or three o'clock, any day, giving four hours notice.

NAILS,

OF all Sizes, by the Cask; POWDER and SHOT, to be sold by

ABEEL and BYVANCK,

Near Coenties-Market: Also an Assortment of IRONMONGERY. (64 67)

TO BE RUN FOR,

AT the Fair at Perth-Amboy, on Friday the First Day of May next, a PURSE of TWENTY POUNDS, Proclamation Money; free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, not full Blood, of Five Years old or under, carrying Weight for Age, to be enter'd the Monday before the Race, with Thomas Skinner, or James Reed, paying THREE DOLLARS Entrance, or Double at the Day of Running: To Run Three Heats, Two Miles to each Heat, any Horse winning Two Heats, to be entitled to the PURSE.—The Entrance Money, will be Run for the Day following, the winning Horse and those distanced, excepted. The same Day a Saddle and Whip, will be Run for by any common Horses.——All Disputes arising, to be determined by Judges appointed for that Purpose; no less than Four Running Horses, will be allowed to Start for the Purse. (64 67)

Perth-Amboy, March 18, 1767.

TO BE SOLD OR LET, for Three Years, on reasonable Terms; the Distil House, near Mr. JAMES DESBROSSES, at the Ship-Yards, formerly the Property of Mr. ROBERT GRIFFIN: Inquire of NATHANIEL MARSTON.

THE LOAN OFFICERS of the City and County of New-York, desire all Persons concerned in having Money of them upon Loan, to be punctual in paying the Interest due on their respective Mortgages, together with the one Half of the remaining Principal; as upon Failure thereof, they will be under the disagreeable Necessity of proceeding in the Sale of the Premises mortgaged, according to Law. Attendance will be given at the House of THEODORUS VAN WYCK, on the Third Tuesday in April next; as also on the Three succeeding Tuesday's.

New-York, March 22, 1767.

JACOBUS ROOSEVELT,
THEODORUS VAN WYCK. } Loan Officers.

To be sold at Vendue, on Monday the first Day of June next, at the House hereafter mention'd, or by private Sale at the same place, any Time before;

A *LOT containing two Acres and a Quarter of Land, situate by the Grist-Mill, lately belonging to Mrs. Van Kirk, now to John Craigue, in Freehold, Monmouth County, East-New-Jersey; with a new House, on the said Lot, Twenty-eight Feet wide, and Thirty long, Four Rooms on the lower Floor, with Three Fire-Places, a good large Kitchen, and Stone Cellar, together with a Stable and Garden.*

It being a very public Place, is convenient for a Store, (one having been kept there for some Years past) or for any Tradesman whatever.

Also, to be sold at the same Time and Place, Two Lots of Land situate on Middletown Point: Any Person inclining to Purchase the said Places, or either of them, may know the Terms by applying to either of the Subscribers.

JOHN ANDERSON,
JOHN HENDERSON,
AARON MATTISON.

March 23d, 1767. (64 67)

Newark Mountains, Essex-County, New-Jersey, March 26, 1767.

WHEREAS MARY BROOKS, Wife of the Subscriber, hath eloped from him: All Persons are hereby strictly forbid to entertain or trust her on his Account, as he will pay no Debt of her contracting since her Elopement.

(64 67) PETER BROOKS.

TO BE SOLD,

By THOMAS DOUGHTY,

IN DOCK-STREET:

CHOICE old Madeira Wine, Lisbon, Red Port, Teneriffe Wines by the Pipe, Quarter Cask, or Five Gallons; also Jamaica Spirits, West-India Rum, Holland Geneva, Bohea, Shoushong and Hyson Teas, Coffee, Chocolate, Lump, single, middling and double refined Loaf Sugar; Muscovado Sugars, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Sweet Oil, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, Pepper, French Indigo, Scotch and Rappee Snuff, with sundry other Articles of Grocery. 64—

TO BE SOLD,

A Very valuable PLANTATION; situate in the Township of Upper-Freehold, in the County of Monmouth, and Province of East-New-Jersey; containing 262 Acres and a half, of exceeding good Land, either for Grass, Wheat, or any other Grain; about 200 Acres of which is cleared, and about 20 Acres of Meadow, and more may be made; with two Houses, a Barn, and an Orchard: Said Plantation lies very convenient to an Out-let, where Cattle may be turned out, and shift for themselves by the first of April, and some Seasons sooner: This Plantation is allowed to be as good as any Lands in the County of Monmouth, lying between the Plantations of JOSEPH HOLMES, and JOHN COWARD, deceased, the Title indisputable.—Any Person who inclines to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Owner and Subscriber near the Premises.

(64 67) JOHN LAWRENCE.

New-York, March 24, 1767.

To be Sold, at public Vendue, on Wednesday the Twentieth Day of May next, on the Premises;

THE Farm late of Matthew Du Bois, Esq; at the Fish-Kill, in Dutchess County; containing One Hundred and Ten Acres of Land, Fifteen of which are good Mowing, and Ten Acres more may be cleared: Said Farm lies on Hudson's River, and is one of the best Landings in that Neighbourhood; there are on it two good Dwelling Houses, two Barns, and two Store Houses, at the Landing.

Any Persons that have any Demands on the above Premises, are desired to make the same known before the Day of Sale, to Peter Du Bois, of Poughkipsie, in Dutchess County, and to Matthew Du Bois, jun. on the Premises, by whom a good Title for the same will be given.

To be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday the 9th of April next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, on the Premises:

TWO Lots of Ground, situate in the Out-Ward of this City, fronting a Street known by the Name of Cherry-Street, being Lot No. 7, and 8; each Lot being Twenty-five Feet in breadth in Front and Rear, and Two Hundred Feet in Length, from Front to Rear: A good Title will be given to the Purchasers by

JOHN R. MARSHALL, and
SUSANNA MARSHALL.

The Conditions will be made known at the Time of Sale.

New-York, March 18, 1767.

Philadelphia, March 9, 1767.

YESTERDAY Morning, Ran away from the Subscriber, a Dutch indented Servant Man, named PHILIP NOLD, about 30 Years of Age or upwards, is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, broad set, black Hair, and dark Complexion, speaks Dutch, French and English; had on when he went away, an old Beaver Hat, a blue Cloth Coat and Waistcoat, with flat Metal Buttons, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, almost new, a Pair of dark blue worsted rib'd Stockings, a Shirt made of Russia Sheeting, and a Pair of channel Boots half worn; took with him a Pair of Shoes half worn, and a Shirt, fellow to the one he had on.—Whoever takes up and secures said Run away, so that his Master may have him again, shall by applying to the Subscriber in Philadelphia, or Samuel Bowne, Merchant, in New-York, have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward, and all reasonable Charges paid,

BENJAMIN KENDALL.

N. B. He went away with two other Servants, his Ship Mates. (63 66)

A Choice New

CLAVICHORD,

Lately imported from EUROPE,

Has Four Stops, and is esteem'd an excellent Instrument, To be sold by

DAVID PHILIPS,

At the Sign of the Horse and Cart. (63 66)

To be sold by the Subscriber, on reasonable Terms.

A Plantation, lying on the great Road from Bound-Brook to Baskin-Ridge, and about 2 Miles from Bound-Brook; containing, besides the usual Allowance for high Ways, 103 Acres of Land, whereon is a good Logg-House, a living Spring at the Door, and about 30 Acres of cleared Land: Whoever inclines to purchase the said Place, may apply to CORNELIUS BOGART, on Rariton, in the Township of Bridgewater; who will give an indisputable Title for the same.

WE the Subscribers being appointed Trustees of the Estate of Benjamin Kellog, of Ridgefield, in the County of Fairfield; hereby notify the said Kellogg's Creditors, to meet at the Dwelling House of John Whitlocke, in Ridgebury Parish, in said Town of Ridgefield, on the 6th Day of April next, at two o'Clock in the Afternoon; to approve or disapprove of all or any of said Trustees, and choose others in the Room of such as may be disapproved.

JOSEPH CRANE, Junr.
SAMUEL STARR. } Trustees

Fairfield, in the Colony of Connecticut, March 7, 1767.

TO BE SOLD, OR LET,

THE House and Ferry on Bergen Point, together with three House Lots, on the Kill Van Coll. Any Person inclining to purchase, may apply to any of the Subscribers,

JACOB VAN HORNE,
GEORGE CODMES, } At Bergen.
ABRAHAM VANTILE.
64-67 JOHN MERSEREAU,
RICHARD LAWRENCE. } Staten-Island

To be sold by the Subscriber on the Premises, at Ten o'Clock on Monday the 20th of April next,

At PUBLIC VENDUE,

Or at PRIVATE SALE, any Time before:

A *Very valuable Plantation, situate in Freehold, in the County of Monmouth, East New-Jersey, containing about One Hundred and Twenty or Thirty Acres of Land, on which is a large convenient House, Stable, Shed, Barn, and other out-Houses, fit for a Tavern.—One having been kept there many Years in constant and full Business, being an extraordinary good Place for that Purpose, on the public Road from Burlington to Shrewsbury: About 80 Acres of the Land are cleared and in good Fence, 30 Acres whereof are good English Meadow, and more may be made; it is well water'd, and has on it an extraordinary Spa Spring, which vents a considerable Quantity of Water, and has been found very beneficial in many different Disorders: A Brook which works a Saw-Mill not far distant, runs thro' the Land passing near the House, and waters each Field with a running Stream: There is a good Out-let to common Lands for Cattle, so that large Stocks may be raised with little Trouble. At the same Time and Place will be sold, a Variety of farming Utensils, Household Goods, and Furniture; such as Beds, Bedding, and Abundance of very valuable Goods, which it would be tedious to mention, together with a large Number of Cattle and Horses. And,*

ALSO:

A Lot of Land in Prince-Town, near the College, on which is a large Dwelling House very well finished, five lodging Rooms, an Entry thro' it, a Stone Cellar under the whole, a Kitchen adjoining, a Stone Well of excellent Water at the Door, all very good.—Any Person inclining to purchase either of the above Places, or any of the Particulars mention'd, by applying to me, on the Plantation first mention'd, in Freehold, may know the Conditions.

CHARLES LUCAS.

N. B. The Vendue to begin at Ten o'Clock, and continue from Day to Day, till all are sold. (63 66)

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a late Meeting of some of the Proprietors of Lot No. 2, in the Great or Herdenbergh's Patent; it was unanimously agreed, immediately to Survey and lay out to each Proprietor the Lot he is entitled to, according to the Petition, among the Heirs of Mr. Leonard Lewis; and they then chose the Hon. Joseph Reade, Esq; Messrs. William Ludlow, Peter Van Brugh Livingston, and Baltus Van Kleck, a Committee for getting such Survey and Subdivision performed; who propose to proceed upon the same as soon as the Season will permit.—Therefore all Persons interested in the said Lot No. 2, are desired to furnish the Committee with a Note of their respective Titles, and Shares therein, without delay, that Justice may be done to all concerned.

New-York, March 12, 1767. (63 66)

To the Inhabitants of the City of New-York.

THE Subscriber has some time past, (and he trusts not without the approbation of his employers) taught a *Grammar School*, next door to Doctor Murray's at the Fly-market; and hopes, those who know the worth of learning, and the most advantageous method of acquiring it, will on being acquainted with his plan render it worth his while to pursue a branch of business on which the good of community so much depends.

The subscriber is very sensible, that a bare advertisement of a school, can be no proof of its worth; and therefore desires (nor is his desire insincere) that any of his patrons, or friends of literature, who think it not beneath them, to inspect seminaries of learning, will visit his school, and critically observe his method of government and instruction; and that none may be disappointed, he gives the following sketch of each.—Nothing but instruction and correction disturbs the most profound silence,—all immorality is sure of the lash,—negligence of a frown, and industry of deserved praise.—Instead of losing the improvement of half a day's study, and spending the time in contracting idle and vicious habits, his pupils by attending school, Thursday's in the afternoon, gain the advantage of near a day in the week.——His method of instruction is very different from that of any teacher in town. It is the used and recommended from long experience, by the late Rev. Doctor *Finley*, and at present practised by Messrs. *Reeves* and *Pemberton*, at Elizabeth-Town; whether it be good or bad is refer'd to the determination of the reader.—He takes no little pains to assist nature in making his pupils orators:—With what success those who will be kind enough to visit his school may observe.

He also teaches geometry, trigonometry, algebra, surveying and navigation.—His price for instruction is 36s. per quarter, but as doubtless some estimate learning by the expence of acquiring it, he will take something more rather than lose a pupil. He also proposes about the first of April, to open a school to begin at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, for the assistance of young ladies in the study of geography, and logick.—He will be glad to serve such as shall think him worthy their encouragement, but employment from others, is not desired by

The public's humble servant

62 65 NATHANIEL NILES.

TO BE SOLD at private Sale, and a good Title given by the Subscriber.

A Small Farm, lying on the North-River, about 6 Miles from New-York, at a place called the Bull's Ferry in Bergen County, where is a convenient Landing-Place.—There is on the Farm, a Dwelling-House, a Barn and 2 Barracks, with 6 Acres of choice Meadow.——For further Particulars, inquire of OHN ETSEL in English Neighbourhood, or of the Subscriber in N. York. 58 WILLIAM DOBBS.

A CORNER House and Lot of Ground, to be sold, near the Baptist Meeting, on Goden-Hill, belonging to William Dobbs, now living in the House; for which he will give a good Title. 58—

To be sold at the House of RICHARD WALDRON, opposite the Exchange.

GOOD Madeira--Lisbon, and Teneriffe Wines, Cherry and Whortleberry Brandy---Aniseed----Orange and Clove Cordials----Geneva---Brandy---all by the Barrel or single Gallon.---Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugar---Cheese---Black Bottles---Bees-Wax,----and sundry other Things to be sold, by CORNELIA BLAAU.

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL, Or GENERAL ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1767. [NUMB. 1265.]

The following Articles brought by Capt. Lawrence, were left out last Week for want of Room.

LONDON, December 23.

ACCORDING to letters from Gibraltar, the Dey and Regency of Algier had lately refuſed to acknowledge any ſum of money due to the grand-Signor, under the name of tribute, and even uſed the Turkiſh officer very ill, who was ſent to demand it.

The King of France, as ſoon as he heard of the diſaſters occaſioned by the overflowing of the Tarne at Montauban, ſent the ſum of 100,000 livres to the intendant of the province to be diſtributed among the neceſſitous inhabitants.

And that Joſeph Sharp, Eſq; of Lincoln's Inn, is appointed Secretary to the Cuſtoms.

We hear that a tax will be laid on lap-dogs and ſinging birds.

We hear that Paul Whitehead, Eſq; late Deputy Maſter of the Wardrobe, is appointed Secretary to the Lord le Deſpencer, a Joint Poſt-maſter General.

William Handbury, of Kelmarſh in Northamptonſhire, Eſq; who is lately returned from the Spa, has given notice, by a letter in the Northampton Mercury, That having read in the Engliſh papers, whilſt abroad, an account of the great price of corn in England, and of the inſurrections occaſioned thereby, he had, as far as in him lay, endeavoured to procure a remedy to ſo great an evil; and accordingly proper meaſures have been taken with M. Coe, Fiſchal-General (that is Attorney-General) of her Imperial Majeſty's provinces in Flanders, for leave to export corn from that country; and that, as ſoon as the wind and tide will permit, he (Mr. Handbury will land 100,000 quarters of wheat at the ports of London and Lynn, at or under 5s. per buſhel; of which he thought proper to give his countrymen public notice, that they may have no reaſon to complain afterwards of the fall of their markets, when this quantity is brought into their country.

A few days ago, a clerk to a conſiderable houſe in this city, quitted his place, in order to be married to a young lady of fortune at the court end of the town; but next morning, when his acquaintance went to congratulate him, to their great ſurpriſe, they found him in the hands of Bailiffs, having been arreſted in bed, on the ſuit of his wife's creditor, for ſeven hundred and fifty pounds.

By a private letter from Liſbon, by the laſt packet, we are informed, that the Britiſh commerce in Portugal is entirely ruined, the Portugueſe miniſtry ſtill proceeding in the moſt arbitrary, infringing, and unjuſtifiable manner to the ſubjects of Great-Britain in that kingdom.

Among the ſeveral amendments intended to be made to the marriage act, we hear is one whereby huſbands will be authorized to prohibit their wives from contracting debts without their knowledge or conſent, by entering ſuch prohibation into a public regiſter, to be kept for that purpoſe, and publick for ſearching. At preſent there is no ſuch law, whereby many induſtrious tradeſmen are ruined, from the extravagance of the wife, notwithſtanding their advertiſing not to truſt them. This method is practiſed in Scotland, and ſeveral other nations.

Whitehall, Dec. 30. The King has been pleaſed to appoint Col. John Mompeſſon to be Lieutenant Governor of the Iſle of Wight, in the room of Lieutenant General Stanwix, deceas'd.

Briſtol, Dec. 20. Laſt week a man was found dead in the fields between Durdham-Down and Clirton. He had been a proprietor and partner in a large iron work at Birmingham, and afterwards had 3000l. left him by a relation; but, notwithſtanding, was reduced; and for ſeveral weeks paſt was ſeen feeding on what the hedges produced, near where he was found; ſo that it is ſuppoſed he periſhed through want. He was well known in this city, and remarkable for his extenſive knowledge and underſtanding.

On the late CHANGES of the MINISTRY.

WE ſee the weather-cock at Court,
Now this, now that way turning;
Tho' the winds vary it in *ſport*,
Our caſe, alas! is *mourning*.
Such fickle tempers who can ſtay?
Such jarring int'reſts bind?
Not *he* that doth the ſcepter ſway;
But *He* that form'd the mind.
Then ſave us, Heav'n! on ruin's brink;
Both from the Knave and Fool;
Raiſe us up *Patriots* that can *think*,
And by thy *precepts* rule.
Thy mercy beams divinely bright,
Whene'er it ſaves a nation,
Whoſe *Rulers*, mad with party ſpite,
Neglect its *preſervation*. W.

TO BE SOLD,

By us the ſubſcribers, executors of Edward Hill, late of Benſalem in the county of Bucks and province of Pennſylvania, all the real eſtate of the ſaid Hill, conſiſting of the following lots or tracts of land, with the improvements thereon, viz.

1ſt. A Tract of land, ſituate in Benſalem aforeſaid, on which the Red Lion inn is ſituate, with good ſtables and every thing neceſſary for the accommodation of travellers, and two good bearing orchards thereon, containing 100 acres more or leſs. The ſaid inn and plantation is now under a parole leaſe for two years to come, from the firſt day of March next, at 60l. per annum.

2d. A ſmall lot of 4 acres of ground, with a ſmall tenement thereon, ſituate in Dublin Townſhip, near Penny-Pack Bridge.

3d. Another ſmall lot of 22 acres, with a ſtone tenement thereon, about one mile from Frankfort Bridge, in the corner of the road leading to Briſtol, and the road leading to Oxford.

4th. Another tract of land, ſituate on the river Delaware in the ſaid Townſhip of Benſalem, bounded on the ſaid river Delaware by lands of Septimeus Robinſon, Eſq: and others, containing 100 acres. A very fine ſituation for a gentleman's country ſeat.

5th. Another tract of land, ſituate in the ſaid Townſhip of Benſalem, adjoining a road leading to the river Delaware, the land of John Kidd, the aforeſaid river, and lands of Joſeph Jackſon and the widow Williamſon, containing 172 acres, ſtrict meaſure.

6th. Alſo one other tract of land, ſituate in Benſalem aforeſaid, adjoining a piece of land belonging to the Proprietors, and lands now in the poſſeſſion of the widow Williamſon, upon the aforeſaid road leading to the river Delaware, then up the ſaid river to the place of beginning, containing about 115 acres, ſtrict meaſure. On which a ferry is now kept over the river to Fenamore's landing, within three miles of Burlington, formerly called Dunck's ferry, with a good houſe thereon.

Any perſon or perſons, having an inclination to purchaſe either or any of the ſaid deſcribed tracts, pieces, or parcels of land by applying to either of the ſubſcribers, executors of the ſaid eſtate, may know the conditions of ſale.

SARAH HILL,
JOHN KIDD,
JOHN DE NORMANDIE,
RICHARD GIBBS.

57 68

PERRY, HAYS, & SHERBROOKE,
HAVE FOR SALE,
BRITISH SAIL CLOTH, from No. 1, to 8,
MADEIRA WINE, WEST-INDIA RUM,
MUSCOVADO SUGAR, refin'd BAR IRON,
CRATES of STONE and YELLOW WARE,
HOGSHEADS of DELPH BOWLS; with an Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, and IRONMONGERY. 61-70

A YOUNG NEGRO WENCH,
ABOUT Twenty Years of Age, uſed to House-Work, with her Son about a Year old, who have both had the Small-Pox, to be ſold, for no Fault. Inquire of the Printer at the Exchange.

TO BE LET, for the enſuing year, very convenient for a baker or tavern-keeper, the dwelling-houſe, ſtore and bake-houſe belonging to the eſtate of John Van Varck deceaſed, now occupied by the widow Brower, near the Battery.——Inquire of JAMES VAN VARCK.

To be Let, from the Firſt of May, 1767.
THE Houſe fronting the Great-Dock, wherein PETER LOW, now lives; it is well ſituated for Buſineſs: On the Rear of the Lot oppoſite Major CARY's, is a Store Houſe with a large Oven, and conveniencies for the Baking Buſineſs: Inquire of the Widow FRANCES MOORE.

To be ſold at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday the 3rd Day of April next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, the Houſe, and a Pump within 2 or 3 Doors. At the Back of the Houſe is a ſlip of Ground running 120 Feet from the Houſe into the Croſs-Street; at the Street it is 6 Feet Wide, and ſpreads to 14 Feet at the inner End. The whole is now in the Occupation of the Subſcriber, where it may be ſeen, and a good Title will be given to the Purchaſer,
ABRAHAM ANTHONY.
93-65

To be ſold at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 6th Day of April next, at the Premiſes, or at Private Sale, any Time before.
A LOT of Ground lying near Mr. JAMES DESBROSSES, two Doors from Mr. the Ship-Yards, two Doors from Mr. Kitchen with a handſome Rooms over it, in the firſt and 2nd two Streets, and on a very good Slip. The Lot r Stories; in which 6 Rooms are 5 Fire places, beſides the Feet back from the Street, and is in Front 24 Kitchen; the whole is completely finiſhed in the moſt Inches, and in Rear 13 Feet 8 Inches. There is a very good Ciſtern belonging to grateel Manner. There is on it next a Year ground Rent.

Province of New-Jersey, December 3, 1766.

WHEREAS a Law was passed in New-Jersey the 20th of June 1765, appointing Commissioners to run out straight public Roads through said Province, between New-York and Philadelphia, and empowering them to raise a Sum of Money by a public Lottery, not exceeding £.500, towards defraying the Charge thereof; accordingly a Lottery was thereupon soon after set on Foot, but from the troubled State of Affairs at that Time, occasioned by the Stamp Act, the Proceedings of the said Lottery were delayed; but as it is apprehended that the salutary Purpose might now be effected, the Managers therein appointed have thought fit for that End, to revive the following Scheme of a Lottery, to consist of 2222 Tickets, at 4 Dollars each; 662 of which are to be fortunate as follows:

1	*Prize of*	Dollars, 750	is Dollars,	750
1		500		500
1		250		250
1		200		200
3		100		300
6		50		300
12		40		480
20		30		600
30		20		600
100		10		1000
485		8		3880
1	*first Drawn*	14		14
1	*last Drawn*	14		14
662	*Prizes,*			
1560	*Blanks,*			
2222	*Tickets, at*	4 *Dollars each, are*		8888 £.3333

From which a Deduction of 15 per Cent. is £.499 19 0, and is proposed to be drawn on the first Tuesday in April next, at Perth-Amboy, or sooner if full: The fortunate Numbers are to be printed in the New-York *and* Pennsylvania Papers, *as soon as possible after the Drawing, which will be directed by John Stevens, James Parker of Perth-Amboy; John Wetherill of the Township of New-Brunswick; Daniel Ellis of Burlington, and John Edwards of Bordentown, who are appointed Managers and Commissioners for the Road leading from the Ferry-house, opposite Perth-Amboy, to Burlington; and John Berrien, of Rocky-hill; Daniel Coxe, of Trentown; Azariah Dunham, of New-Brunswick; Ephraim Terrill, and Abraham Clark, jun. of Elizabeth-Town; who are likewise appointed Managers, and Commissioners for the Road leading from Newark and Elizabeth-Town, to Trenton and Borden Town agreeable to said Act; and are to be under Oath for the due and impartial Performance of their Duties.*

The shortening and improving the public Roads through this Province, will be a great Advantage to the commercial Interest and general Convenience of the Inhabitants thereof, as well as a very general Advantage to the Neighbouring Provinces, particularly to Pennsylvania and New-York; and as it is the first Thing of the Kind that has been attempted on the Continent, it is not doubted but every public spirited Person in this, as well as the Neighbouring Provinces, will generously contribute to an Undertaking, tending so greatly to the Advantage and Ease of Men of Business and Pleasure; as it is judged the Distance between New York and Philadelphia will be shorten'd 12 or 15 Miles, and the Roads all made more passable and convenient for Travellers in the Winter Season than the Present.

Tickets are to be had of Daniel Ellis of Burlington, Daniel Coxe of Trenton, James Parker of Perth-Amboy, and Abraham Clark, jun. of Elizabeth-Town, and of all the other Managers in Jersey, at their respective Dwellings.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all the Creditors of Zachariah Sickels, an absconding Debtor, of Brooklin, in King's-County, to Appear at the House of Doctor Van Beuren, at Flatbush, in said County, on Wednesday the 27th Day of May next, at 10 of the Clock in the Forenoon; to receive their Dividend, of said Sickels's Estate.

ARES REMSEN,
PHILIP NAGEL,
PETRUS VAN STEENBERG, } Trustees.

March the 9th, 1767. 62-65

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation within the Bounds of Middletown, in East New-Jersey, containing two or three Hundred Acres, more or less, as may best suit the Purchaser, lying within one Mile and a half of Middletown Point, within a Mile of a Grist-Mill, and half a Mile of a Saw-Mill; also about two Miles from Singerora-Bay, where is great plenty of Fish, Oysters, and Clams; there is on the Land, a good Dwelling-House and Orchard, about sixty Acres of Upland and Meadow cleared, all in good Fence; on the Wood-Land is good Timber for sawing, together with fencing Timber, and Cord Wood: The Tract is bounded Southerly and Northerly by two clear Brooks, and Westerly by Lands of James Kearny: Whoever inclines to purchase may apply to said *JAMES KEARNEY*, near the Premises, who will give an indisputable Title for the same. 62—

THE SUBSCRIBER, who has for some Time past kept School in Company with Mr. Jackson, in the Exchange, intends to remove at May, to the Corner of Stone-Street, to the House where Mr. Innes now lives; where he will continue to teach, Reading, Writing, Cyphering, and Latin, &c. as usual. In Compliance with the Advice of his Friends, he has agreed to reduce his Price.

Those Gentlemen, who shall be pleased to entrust him with the Education of their Children, may depend upon having it executed with the greatest Care and Accuracy.

He takes this Opportunity of returning Thanks to those, who have already encouraged him, and hopes by his Assiduity and Diligence to merit a Continuance of their Favours; and by the Progress of his Scholars, to prove himself worthy the Confidence they have reposed in him. *PETER WILSON.*

Norwalk, March 12, 1767.

Fairfield County ss. WHEREAS pursuant to an Act, entitled, "An Act, for preventing Fraud in Debtors, &c." We the Subscribers, are by David Rowland, Esq; Judge of Fairfield County Court, and Robert Fairchild, Esq; Justice of Quorum, within and for said County; appointed Trustees of the Estate of Lemuel Rogers of said Norwalk, an insolvent Debtor: We hereby notify the Creditors of said Rogers, to meet (if they see cause) at the Dwelling House of Mr. Jonathan Ketchum, Inn-holder, in said Norwalk, on Thursday the 9th Day of April next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon; to approve or disapprove of any or both the Trustees aforesaid, and choose others in the Room of such as may be disapproved.

62 65 ASA SPALDING, JOHN CANNON. } Trustees.

Thomas Bridgen Attwood,

HAS imported by the last Vessels from London, a fresh and general Assortment of Drugs and Medicines, which he will Sell at the very lowest Prices, wholesale and retale, at his Store in Broad-Street; where, as he gives constant Attendance himself, Family Prescriptions will be carefully made up, Country Orders punctually executed, and the Favours duly acknowledged.

☞ The most approved patented Medicines, warranted genuine, from the Original Warehouses. 47 (ctf)

Just published and to be sold at the *Printing-Office* at the *Exchange*,

THE HEIDELBERG CATECHISM, or METHOD of INSTRUCTION in the CHRISTIAN RELIGION, as the same is taught in the Reformed Churches and Schools of HOLLAND.

Translated for the Use of the *Reformed Protestant Dutch Church*, of the City of *New-York*, examined, compared, and approved by the *Consistory* of the same, and by them recommended for the Use of Schools, and order'd to be printed. 2nd Edition.

For the good of the PUBLIC.

Just publish'd and to be sold at the Printing-Office at the Exchange,

(*Price One Shilling.*)

A SURE GUIDE TO HELL,

By *BEELZEBUB.*

The Sixth Edition with NOTES.

WANTED,

To tend a Forge in Virginia, a

Finer, who understands his Business, and can be well recommended. Such a one may hear of Encouragement, by inquiring of the Printer at the Exchange. 40.

A WOMAN with a good breast of milk, who can be well recommended, is willing to take a gentleman's child to nurse in her house: enquire of the printer. 61-64.

RUN away the first instant, from the subscriber, a servant man, named Lodwick Abel, a German, about 24 years of age, black straight hair, about 4 feet 4 inches in height, has a large nose, speaks no English, had on when he went away and took with him, a light blue coat and waistcoat, with red lining, sheep-skin breeches, round brass buckles, a wool hat, two coarse white shirts, and mill'd stockings: whoever takes up said servant, and brings him to Mr. Robert Murray, merchant in New-York, shall have two dollars reward and reasonable charges paid,

61-64. JACOB SPEIRA, Gardiner.

Imported and to be sold Wholesale and Retail by

EDWARD LAIGHT,

Opposite the Hon. William Walton's, Esq; for Cash or short Credit;

A Neat and general assortment of ironmongery and cutlary, such as pit, mill and cross cut saws, hand, tenon, sash and pannel ditto; eyed shovels and spades, front and inside door locks, chest locks, hinges and handles; raised joint and common H & IL hinges; brass scales and scale beams; brass and iron wire; bright balcony and shutter bolts; clouts, brads, tacks and tenter hooks of all sorts; cotton and clothiers cards; files, rasps, augers and chizels; Dutch tea kettles; common and chamber bellowses; Ware's best Scotch snuff; refined and bloomery iron; 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. and 24d. nails: 7 by 9, 8 by 10 and 9 by 11 glass: and many other articles too tedious to mention.—Also oil, blubber and leather as usual, and all the necessary articles belonging to the currying business. 37.-- (t. b. c.)

RED and white PORT, very excellent in Pipes, Hogsheads, and Quarter-Casks, to be sold by CHARLES NICOLL, at the White-Hall. 26.

Just imported in the Ship Edward, Captain Chambers, from LONDON.

PHILIP DOUGHTY,

In SMITH-STREET;

Has a Neat Assortment of superfine second and low priced broad Cloths, Bath Coatings, &c. to be sold for READY MONEY or short Credit. 47

A Great Variety of Books and Stationary Ware, to be sold at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

☞ ADVERTISEMENTS for this Paper left with Mrs. FERRARI, at the Merchants Coffee-House, will be carefully forwarded and duly inserted.

WANTED

A parcel of Sea Horse's Teeth; Whoever has any to dispose of, may hear of a purchaser by applying to the Printer at the Exchange.

☞ Mr. LEONARD's Concert is postponed for some Days: The Tickets he has sold will be taken at his Benefit which will be carefully forwarded and duly inserted.

TO BE SOLD, by

THOMAS DERHAM,

On the most reasonable Terms:

CHOICE Teneriffe Wine, in Pipes, Hogsheads and Quarter Casks.

N. B. Pipe Staves will be taken in Payment for a considerable Quantity of said Wine. 30--ctf

---

WHEREAS MARY BROOKS, Wife of the Subscriber, hath eloped from him: All Persons are hereby strictly forbid to entertain or trust her on his Account, as he will pay no Debt of her contracting since her Elopement.

(64 67) PETER BROOKS. 64-67

GEORGE CODMES, ABRAHAM VANTILE. } At Bergen.
JOHN MERSEREAU, RICHARD LAWRENCE. } Staten-Island

Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugar---Che
Bottles---Bees-Wax,----and sundry oth
to be sold, by CORNELIA B

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.